



Off-site Levy Bylaw Review

Water Resources Session #8

July 28, 2022



Today's Agenda

- 1. Welcome, Introductions & Agenda Overview**
- 2. Meeting Norms (Hybrid)**
- 3. Refresher on Methodology & Formula**
- 4. Leviaible Land**
- 5. Benefit Allocation & Example**
- 6. Treatment Methodology**
- 7. Next Steps**
- 8. Discussion**



Meeting Norms (Hybrid)

- **Presentations:** Hold questions until the end.
- **Tone:** Keep a positive tone. Discuss ideas on addressing issues.
- **Listen & Respect:** Every voice is an important voice. Everyone participates, no one dominates.
- **Sounds:** Mute your mic when you are not talking (online). Speak-up so that those online can hear (in-person).
- **Sights:** You are encouraged to turn on your camera (online) and face the camera (in-person).
- **Discussion:** If you would like to comment or have a question, please raise your hand (in-person and online). We will get you in order as best as we can.



Formula – Greenfield Linear Water, Wastewater, Stormwater



Capital Costs (\$)

NPV of forecasted principal & interest costs

x

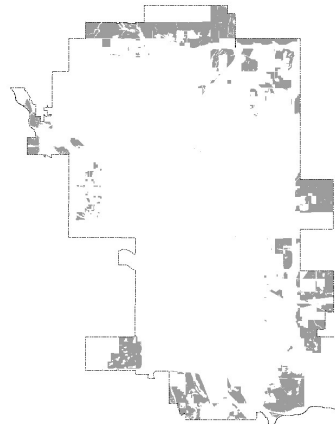


Benefit (%)



Levy Rate per Hectare

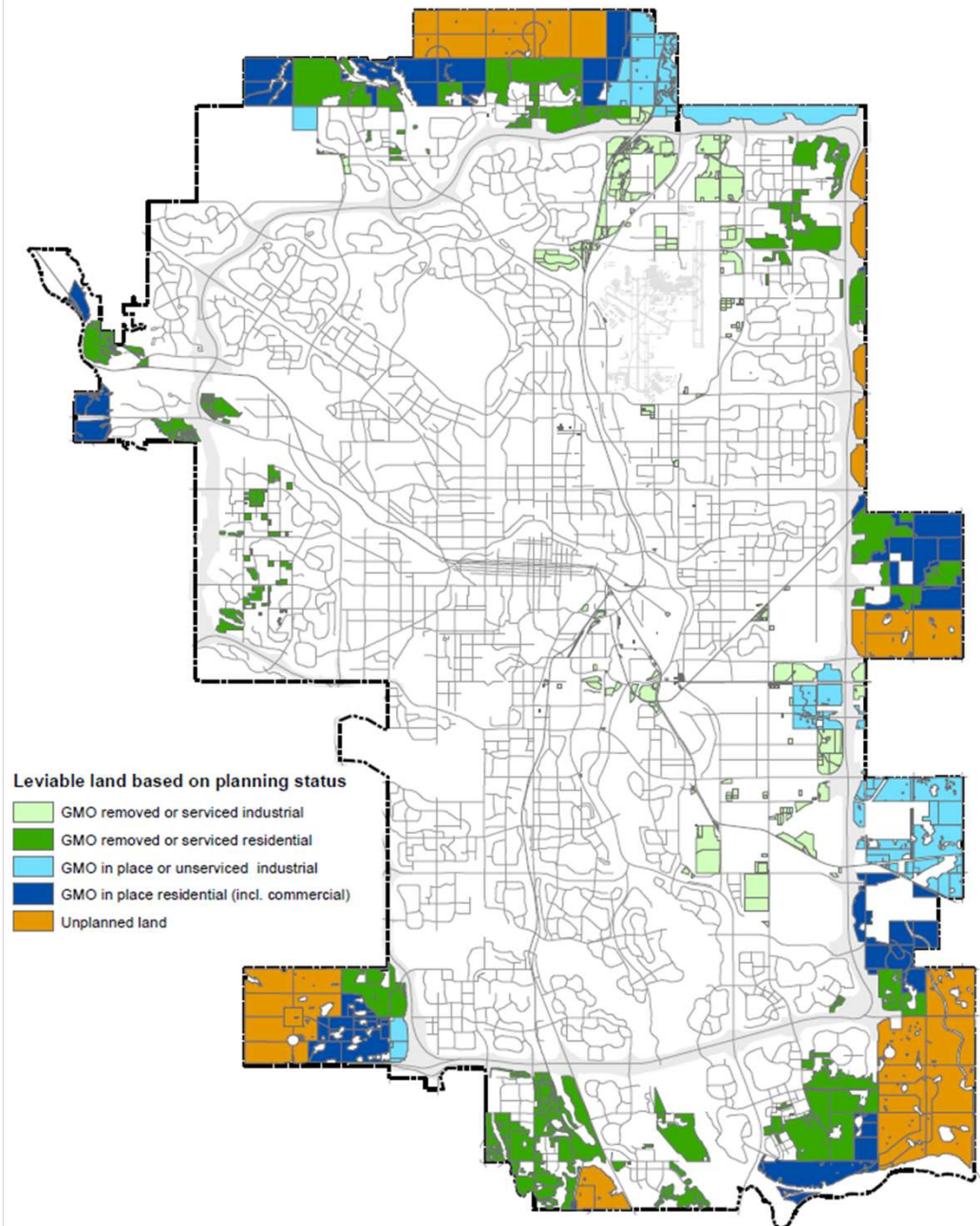
Approved, Leviable Land (ha)





Approved, Leviable Land

- Approved (GMO removed), Leviable Land as of April 2022:
 - Residential: 4,460ha
 - Industrial: 1,664ha
- Total: 6,124ha
- Denominator anticipated to be finalized by December 2022
- Changes to the leviable land depend on approvals (increase) and executed development approvals (decrease)





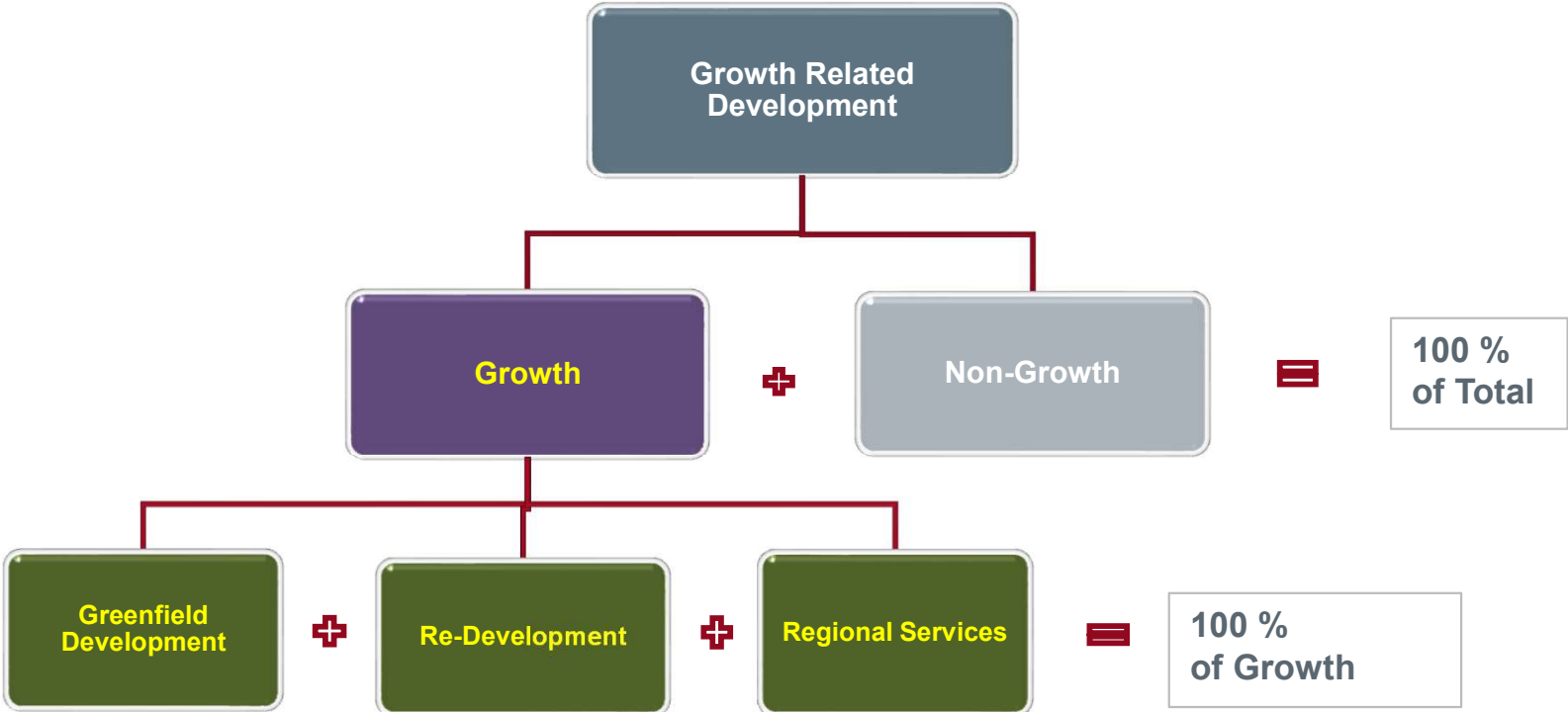
Benefit Allocation – Equivalent Population (EP)

- Benefit is determined based on *population*
- How do we compare residential vs. employment water consumption?
 - Equivalent population
- Analysis of billing data between Residential, Industrial, Commercial & Institutional (ICI) customers
- Residential: 297L/day per capita; ICI: 180L/day per capita

Therefore: 1 Residential Person = 1EP

1 ICI Employee = (180/297) = 0.61EP

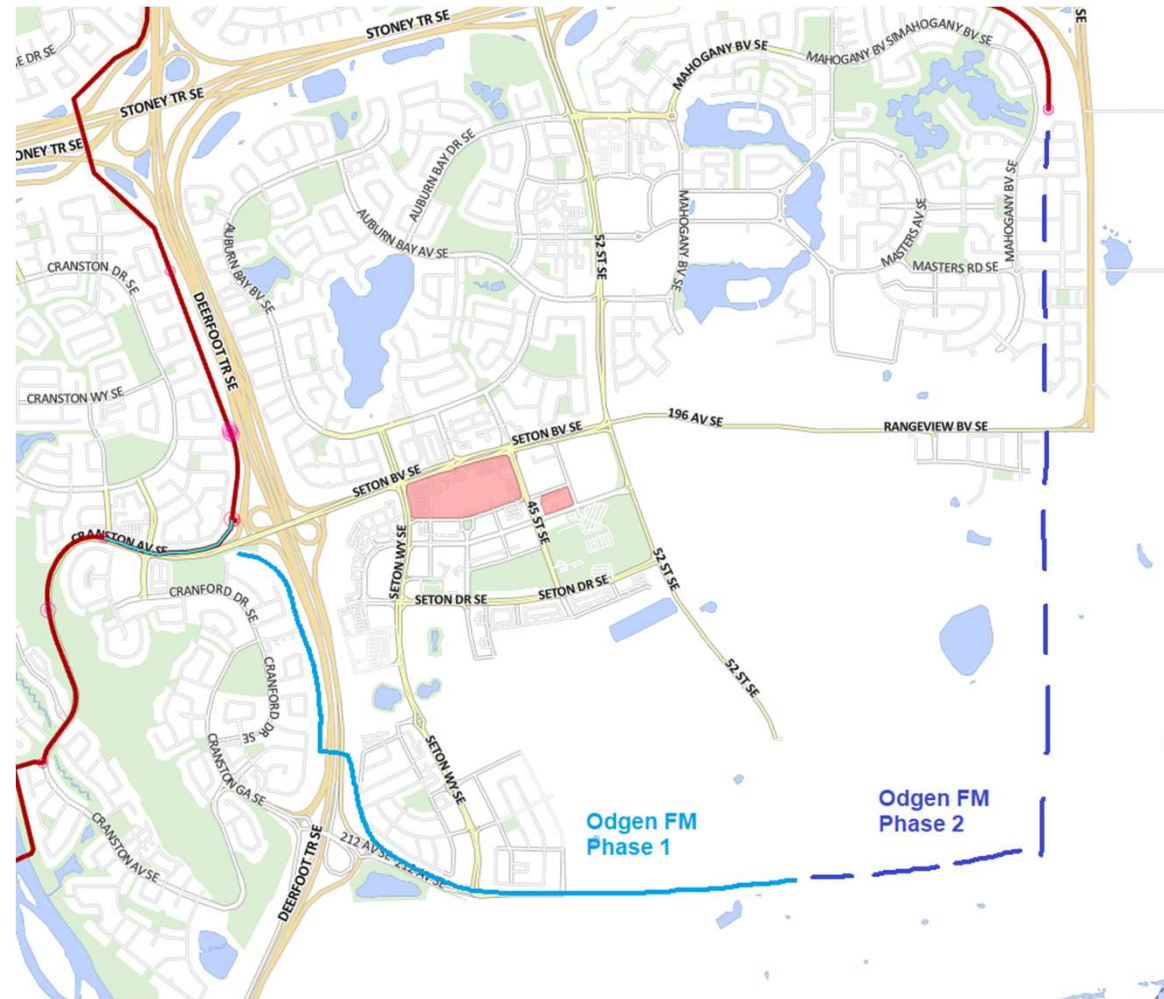
Benefit Allocation





Benefit Allocation – Example Ogden Feedermain (Extension)

- Why does an extension to serve Greenfield benefit
Redevelopment & Regional?
 - Extension provides redundancy for the entire Pressure Zone
- 2041 – Assumed full buildout of the area served





Benefit Allocation – Example Ogden Feedermain (Extension)

| Year | Total Population in Study Area (PZ301: Glenmore) | | | | | Growth Inside Calgary | | | | | | | | Regional Growth | | |
|------|--|------------|------------|-------------|----------|-----------------------|------------|------------|--------------|---------------|------------|------------|--------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------|
| | | | | | | GREENFIELD | | | | REDEVELOPMENT | | | | REGIONAL | | |
| | Residential | Employment | Equivalent | Incremental | % Growth | Residential | Employment | Equivalent | % Greenfield | Residential | Employment | Equivalent | % Re'dvlpmnt | Total Population* | Incremental Population | % Regional |
| 2018 | 526,307 | 446,192 | 798,484 | | 0% | 29,868 | 4,072 | 32,352 | | 458,764 | 442,120 | 728,457 | | 37,675 | - | |
| 2041 | 823,397 | 584,568 | 1,179,984 | 381,500 | 100% | 126,001 | 21,151 | 138,903 | 27.9% | 594,666 | 563,417 | 938,350 | 55.0% | 102,730 | 65,056 | 17.1% |



Formula – Treatment Plant Levy



Capital Costs (\$)

NPV of forecasted principal & interest costs

x

Benefit (%)

= Levy Rate per EP

Equivalent Population (EP)



Water Treatment Levy

How is the treatment plant levy calculated?

1. Assess the Present Value of Current Costs (up to 2021) and Forecasted Costs (2022+) for Growth related projects
2. Assess how much treatment capacity was added in past projects, and how much capacity is forecasted to be built
3. Assess the Unit of Capacity (\$/EP) for Current and Forecasted projects
4. Assess the Available Capacity remaining
 - Note: Water conservation efforts may change this rating over time
5. Assess the value of Available Capacity for Current and Forecasted Projects
6. Take an average of Current and Forecasted Unit of Capacity



Water Treatment Levy

| | Present Value Calgary Growth (*) Total Costs | Added Capacity for Calgary Growth | Unit of Capacity | Available Capacity | Value of Available Capacity | Average Unit Value of Available Capacity | Capacity Charge by Hectare |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| | (A) | (B) | (C) = (A) / (B) | (D) | (E) = (C) * (D) | (F) = (E) / (D) | (G) = (F) * 60 EP/Ha |
| Current Capacity | \$98,835,190 | 284,199EP | 348\$/EP | 224,395EP | \$78,037,375 | | |
| Forecasted Future Capacity | <u>\$348,834,314</u> | <u>692,359EP</u> | 504\$/EP | <u>692,359EP</u> | <u>\$348,834,314</u> | | |
| Total | \$447,669,504 | 976,558EP | | 916,754EP | \$426,871,689 | 465\$/EP | 27,900\$/Ha |
| | Step 1 Present Value of the Actual and Forecasted growth related costs for Calgary. | Step 2 Total current and forecasted capacity built or to be built. | Step 3 Determine the value of a unit of added capacity. Step 1 divided by Step 2. | Step 4 Total available current capacity plus forecasted capacity to be built. | Step 5 Determine the total value of available capacity. Step 3 multiplied by Step 4. | Step 6 Determine the average value of a unit of available capacity. Step 5 divided by Step 4. | Step 7 Determine the total offsite levy by hectare. Step 6 multiplied by a density of 60 EP/Ha. |



Water Treatment Levy

| Rate Comparison | 2022 Rates (Published) | Proposed Rate |
|---------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| Per EP | 476 | 465 |
| Per Ha (Greenfield) | 28,579 | 27,900 |



Next Steps

- Next session planned for August 25
- One to two more sessions planned for September-November for Wastewater Treatment, Stormwater & Linear Infrastructure
- Finalize project costs, denominator & rates



Questions & Answers

Thank you for attending, we appreciate your time!